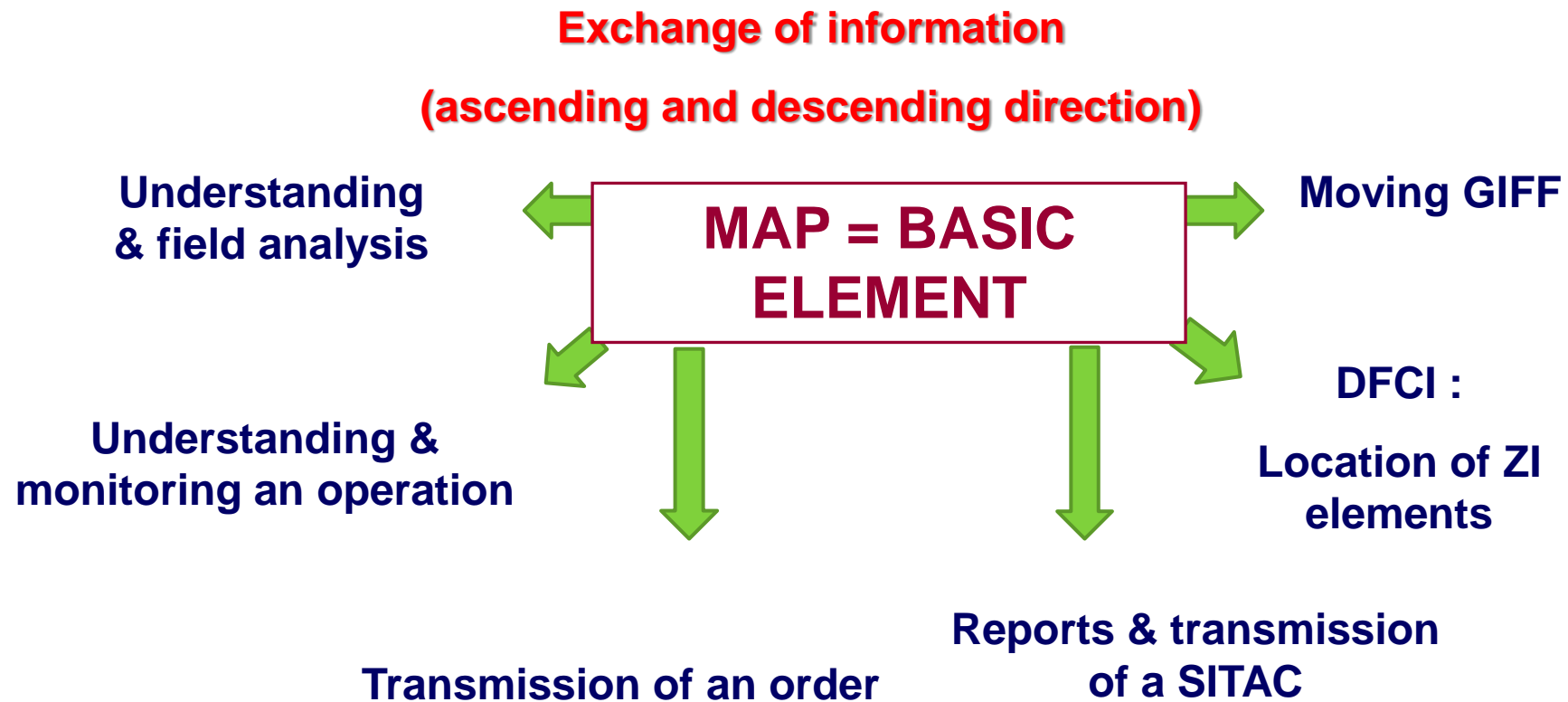




DFCI mapping and analysis of the intervention area

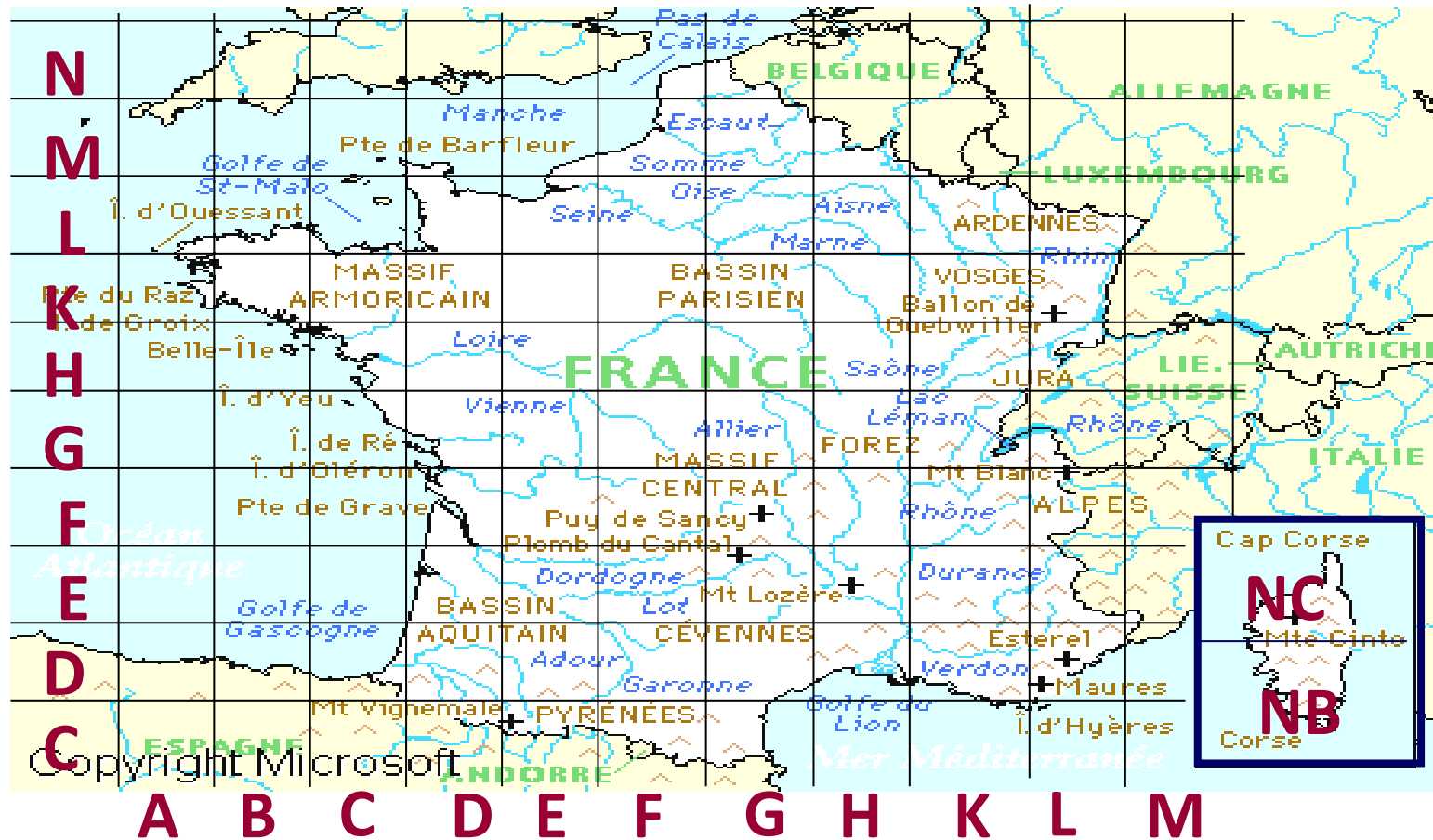
Présentation accueil délégation étrangère

THE MAP



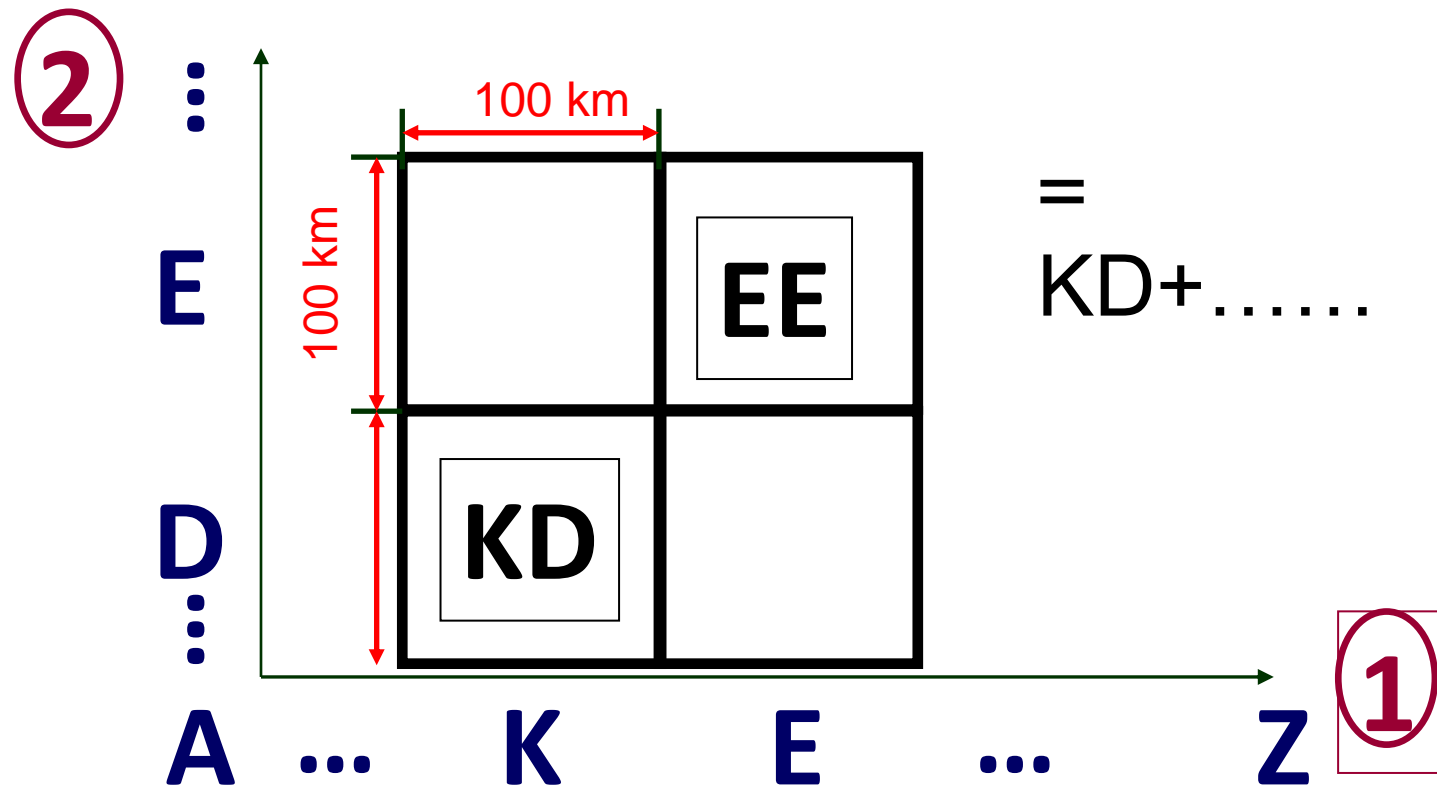
The maps used by firefighters when fighting fires in forests and natural areas are largely Forest Defense Against Fire (DFCI) maps.

COORDINATES

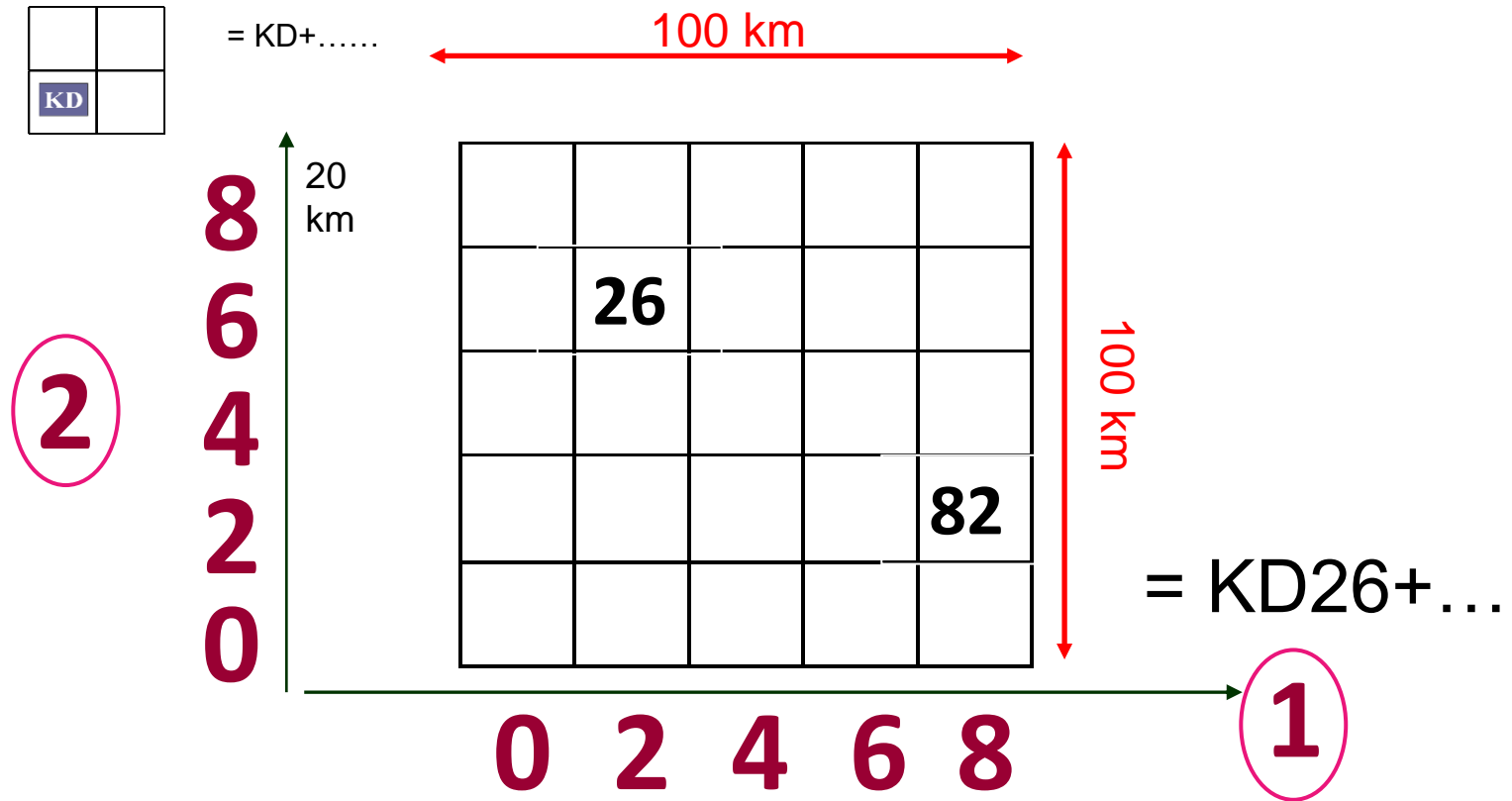


The DFCI grid is a geographical grid corresponding to a division of metropolitan France into a 100 km square.

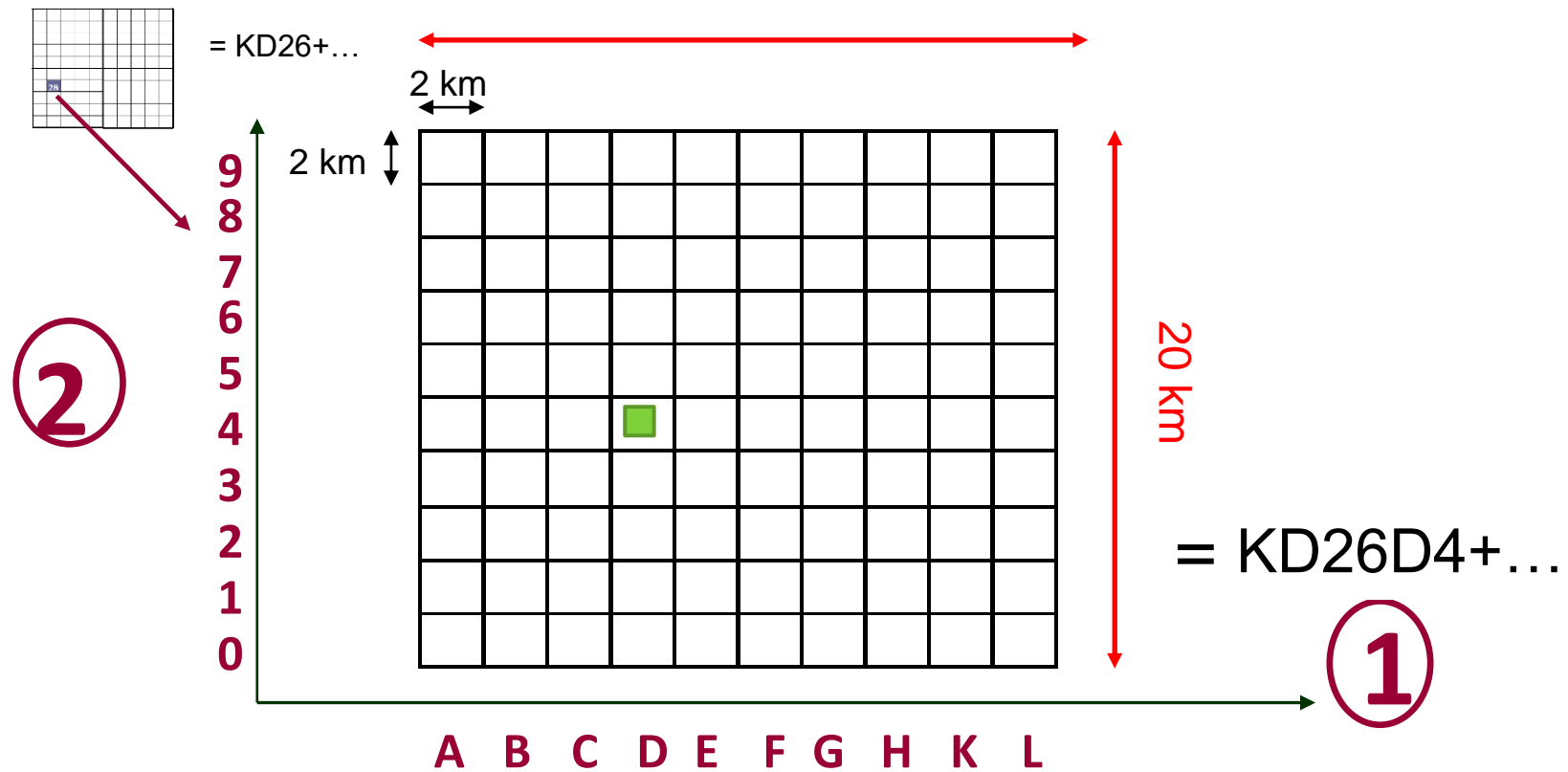
COORDINATES



COORDINATES

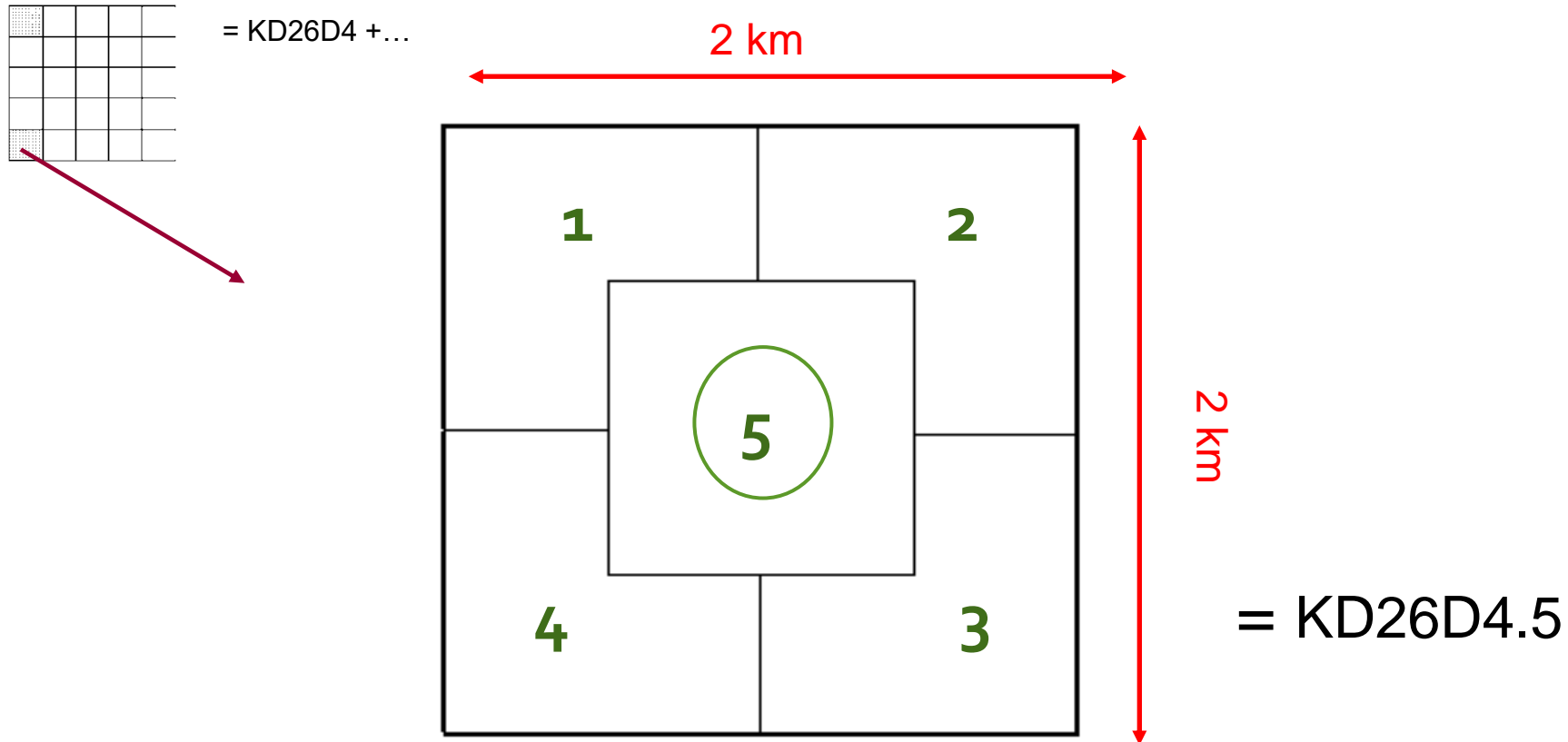


COORDINATES



COORDINATES

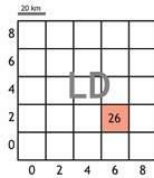
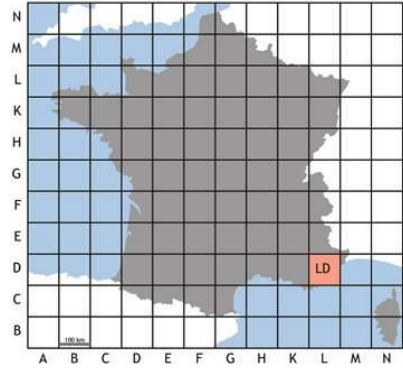
The elementary unit is a square with a side of 2 kilometers, defined by 6 characters, as in the example below :



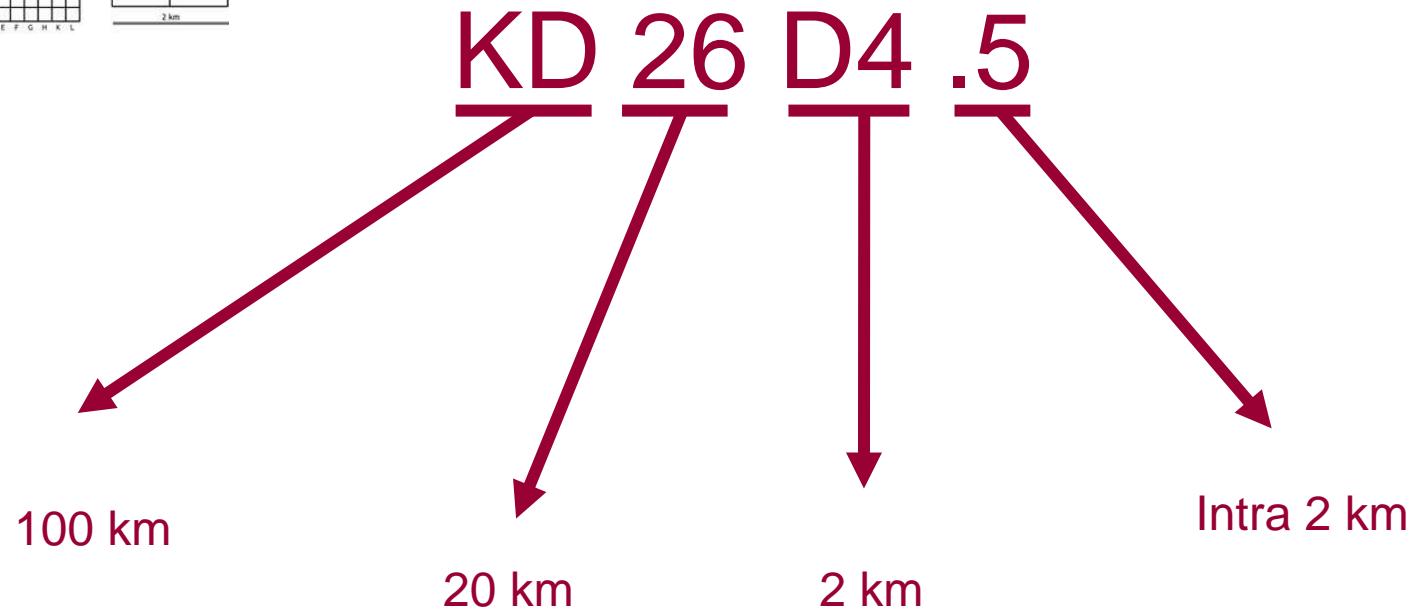
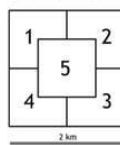
Each square of 2 km by 2 km therefore represents an area of 400 hectares.

COORDINATES DFCI

Le quadrillage Dfci

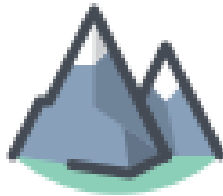


LD26G2

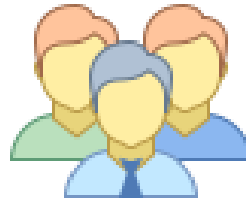


ANALYSIS OF THE INTERVENTION ZONE

We will analyze the intervention area through its 3 main components:



Topography



Population



Data
Meteorological and
astronomical

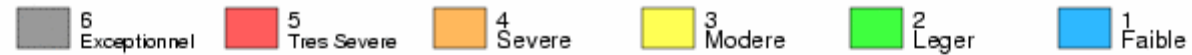
Objective of the analysis:



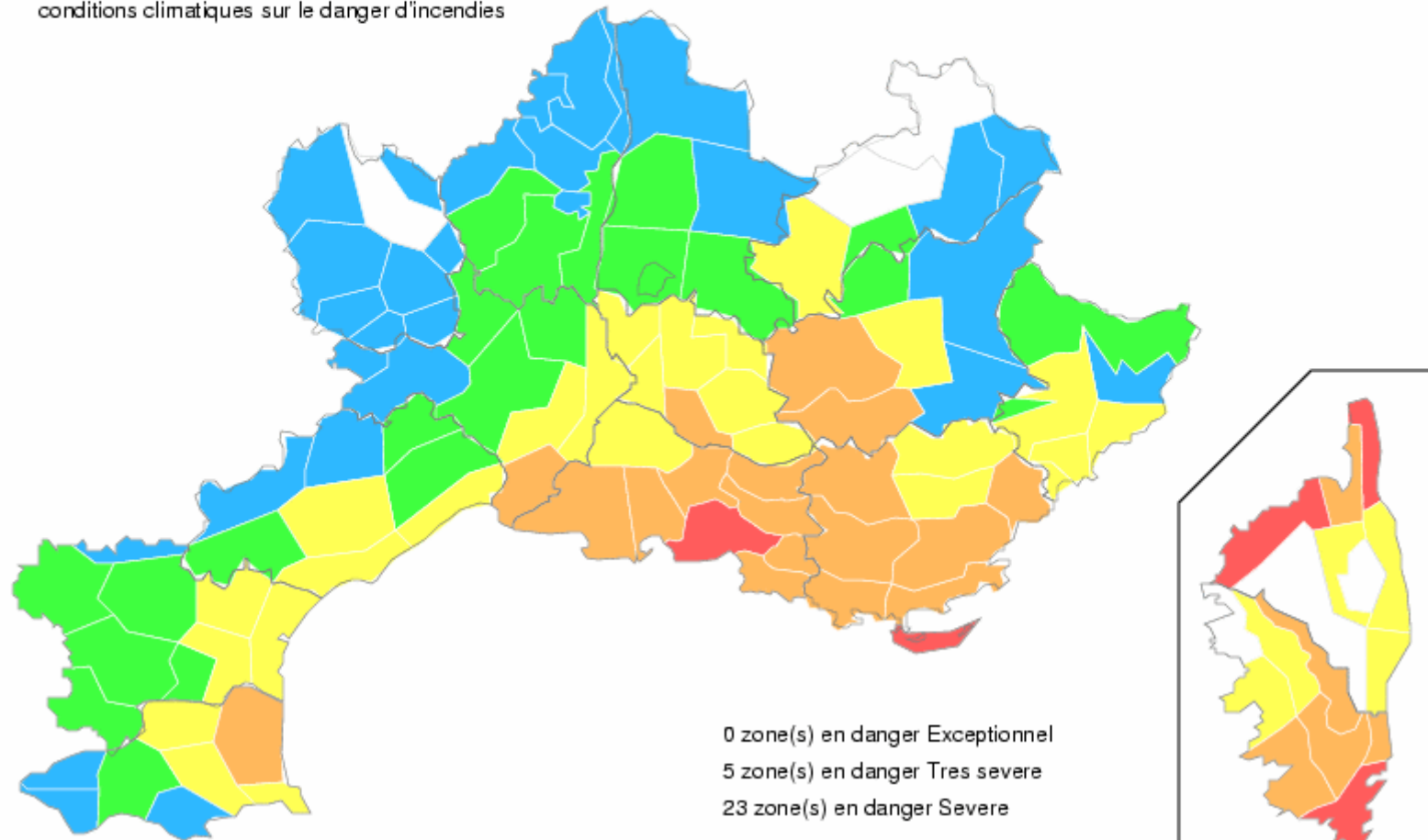
Know the environment in which you operate and be able to highlight the problems posed by the environment and the resources that you can find there.

GENERAL FRAMEWORK OF INTERVENTION

PREVISION DE DANGER METEOROLOGIQUE D'INCENDIE POUR LE 14/07/2008 (PREVISIONS DE LA VEILLE)



NB : ces elements sont realises a partir des previsions meteorologiques de Meteo-France. Ils prennent en compte uniquement l'impact des conditions climatiques sur le danger d'incendies



GENERAL FRAMEWORK OF INTERVENTION



CALENDAR

Date / hour



ASTRO/WEATHER CONDITION

Wind: Sector / strength

Temperature

Hygrometry / Rainfall



FIRE

Starting point

Speed of propagation

Area (traveled and threatened)



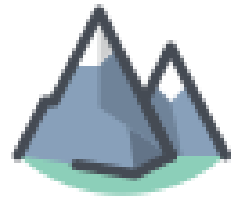
Area size/position

Sector studied

Municipalities concerned

Disaster and disaster area

TOPOGRAPHY



Leveling

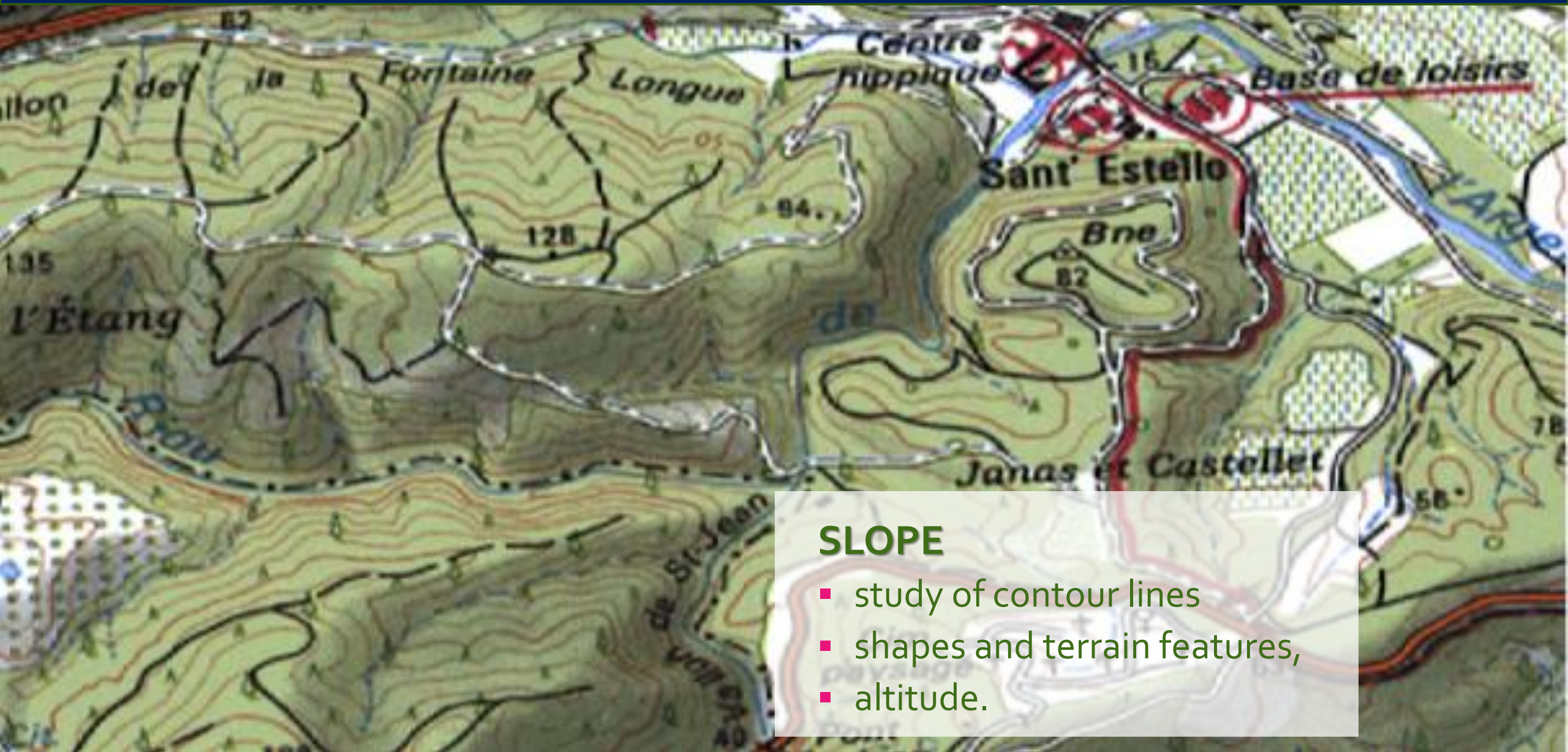
It is the study
of relief



Planimetry

It is the study of natural
and artificial resources
present on the ground

LEVELING



SLOPE

- study of contour lines
- shapes and terrain features,
- altitude.

LEVELING



FRAMEWORK

- Ridge lines
- Talwegs

WAY OF COMMUNICATION

ACCESS

Allows you to get to the intervention area

ROCADES

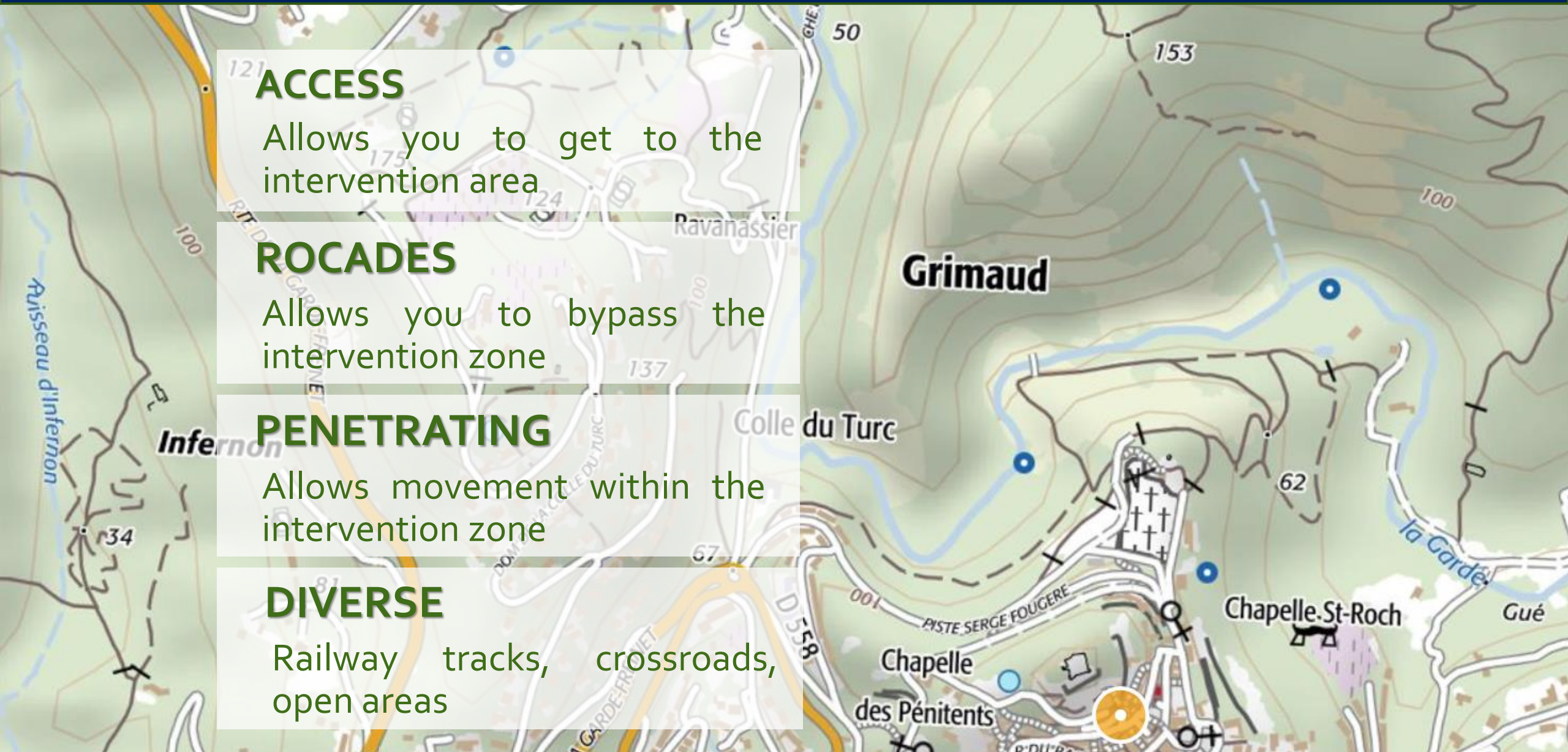
Allows you to bypass the intervention zone

PENETRATING

Allows movement within the intervention zone

DIVERSE

Railway tracks, crossroads, open areas



WATER POINTS



WATER COURSES

Location in the area
Crossing possibilities



FIRE POSTS

Quantity
Distribution



DFCITANKS

Ability
Distribution



COOLING/FILLING ZONES

Distances from area

SENSITIVE POINTS



HIGH VOLTAGE LINES

Situation

Orientation

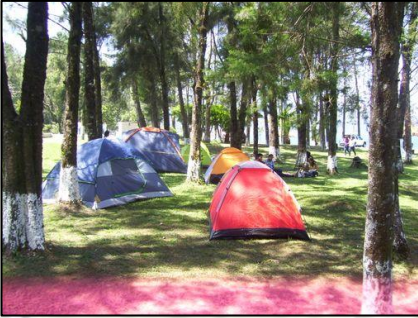


RELAY

Radio, tph, TV...



SPECIAL ISSUES



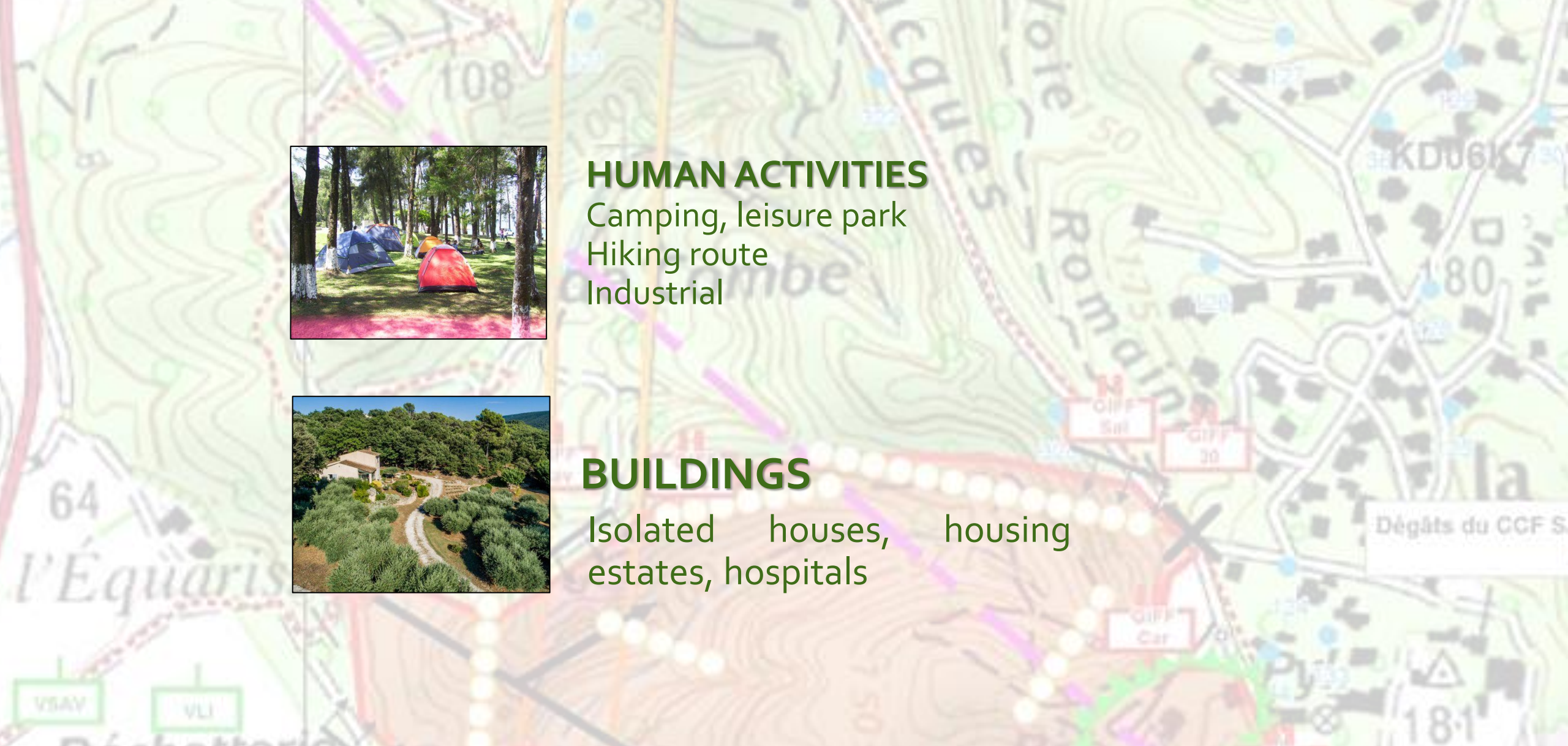
HUMAN ACTIVITIES

Camping, leisure park
Hiking route
Industrial

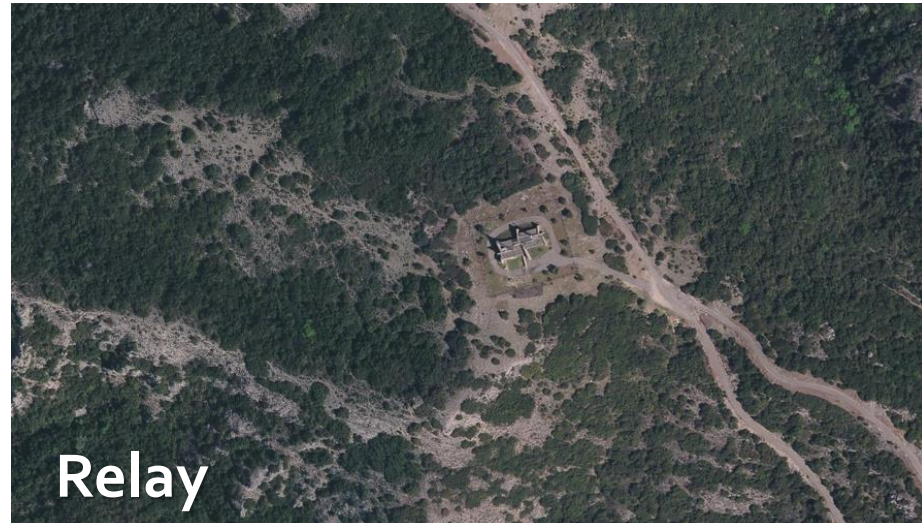
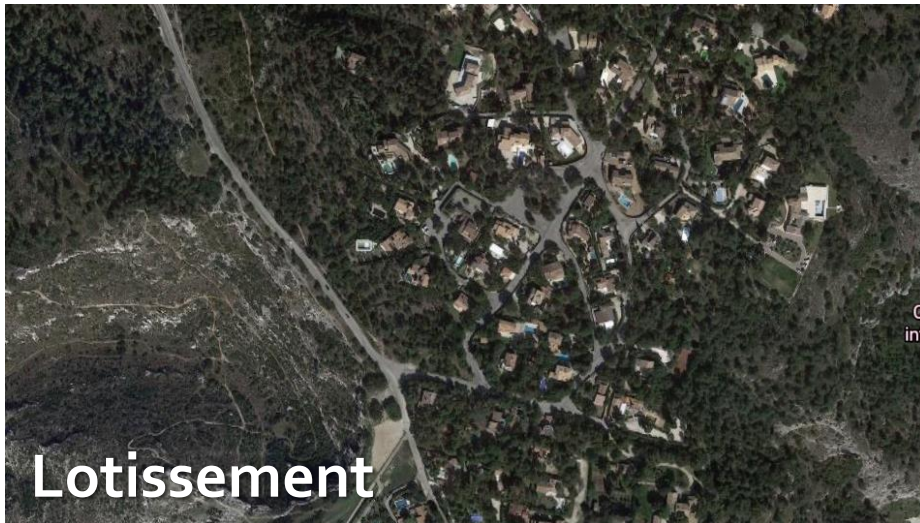
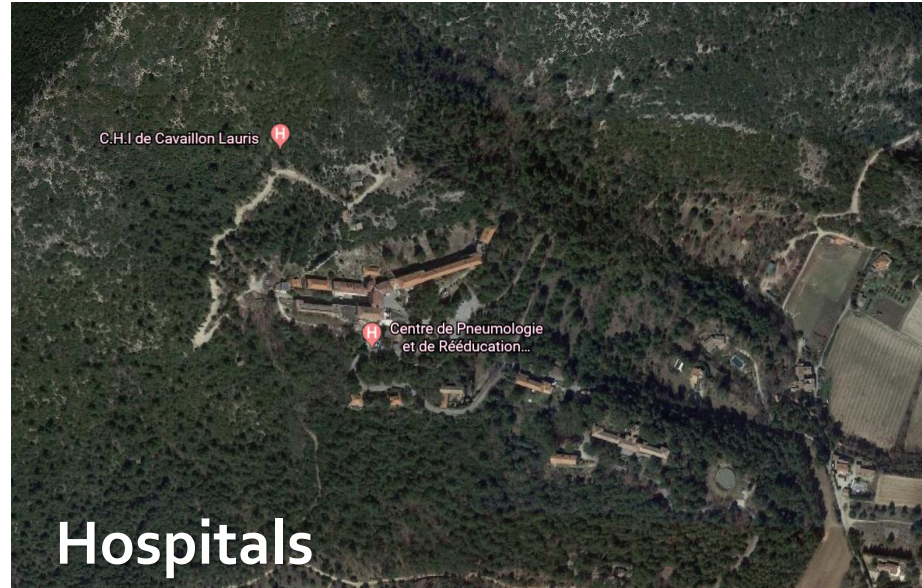


BUILDINGS

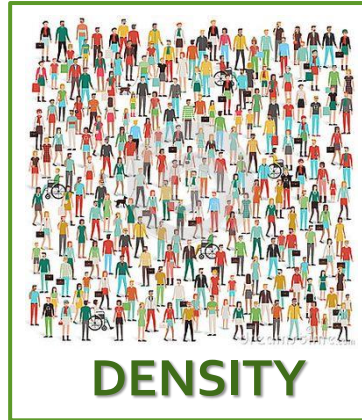
Isolated houses, housing
estates, hospitals



SPECIAL ISSUES



POPULATION



NATURE DE LA POPULATION



CHILDREN



MOBILITY



TOURISTS // LOCALS



VIP

VEGETABLE COVER

TYPE OF VEGETATION

Brushwood
Conifers
Hardwoods

CONTINUITY / CUT

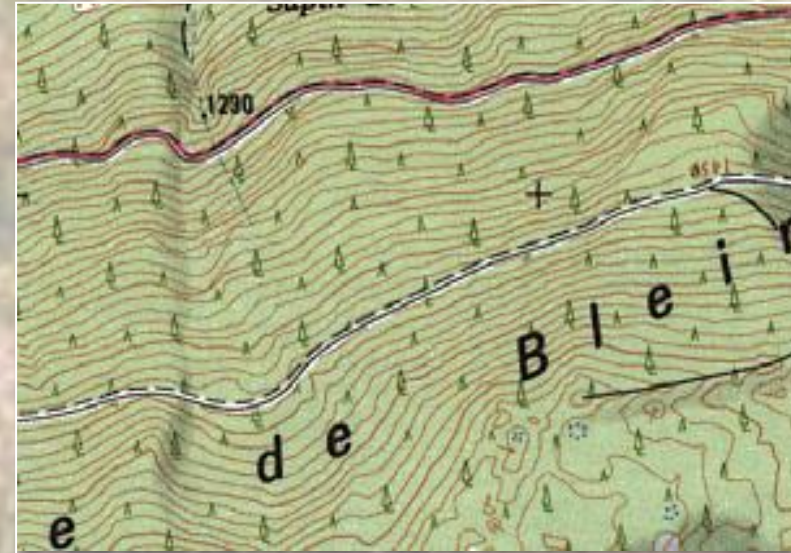
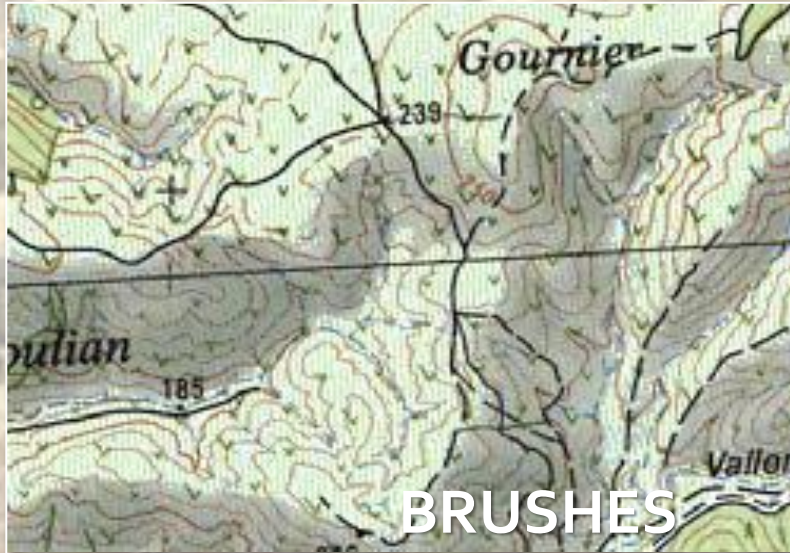
DENSITY

Forest Wood
Different strata

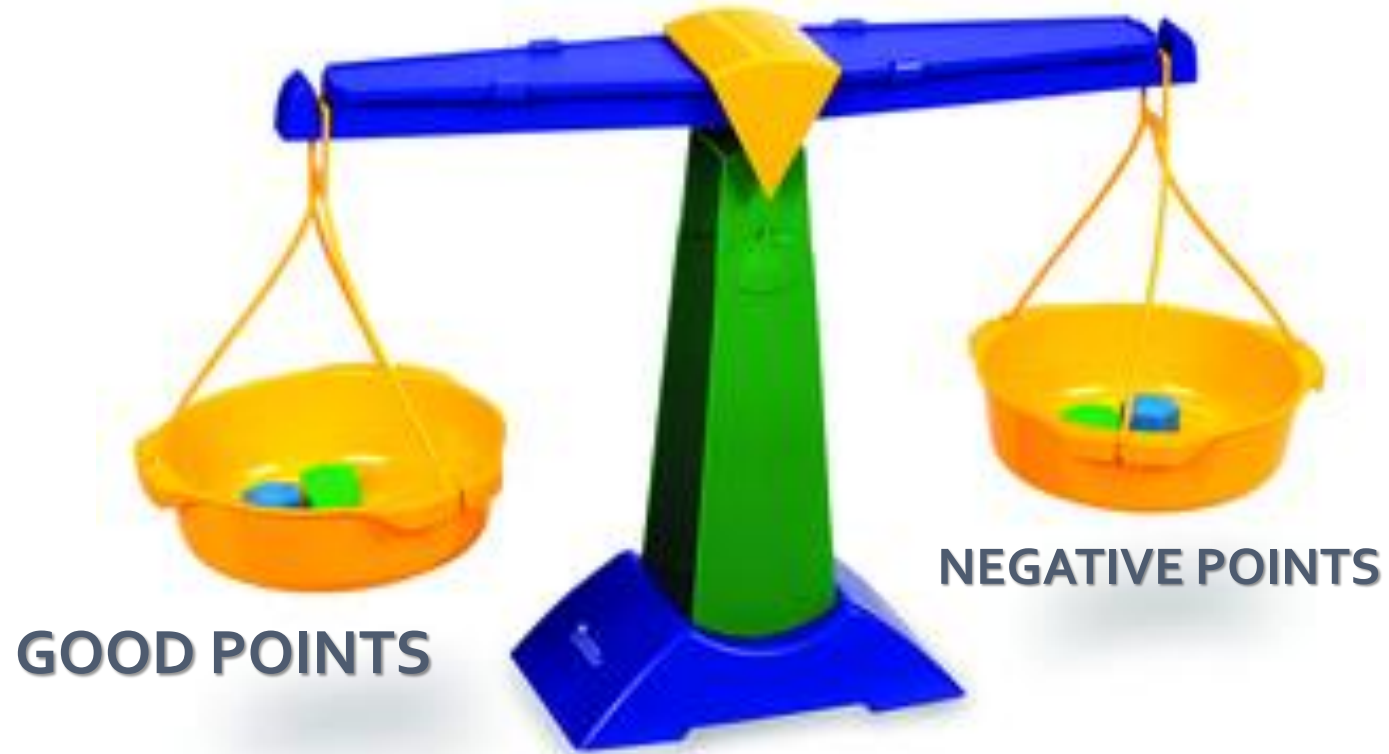
ORGANISATION

Presence of firewalls
Pyro-resistant zones
crops

VEGETABLE COVER



SYNTHESIS



How to characterize the struggle?

Favorable
Unfavorable

Thank you for your attention



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